

Sleeplessness

ESPECIALLY FREQUENT IN HIGH ALTITUDES.

How it May be Overcome in Any Climate.

From the Chiefstain, Pueblo, Col.

While the Rocky Mountain region is justly famed for its salubrious climate, and is becoming more and more the mecca toward which pilgrims are traveling from all parts of the world that may all their weakness of lungs with its life-giving air, yet there are ailments in that climate as in any other, one of the chief of which is sleeplessness. This is due to the rarity of the air which on some constitutions is too stimulating to the nerves. In some cases patients are compelled to remove for a time to the sea level to escape the high nervous strain. As sleeplessness is not an uncommon accompaniment to certain nervous conditions (in any climate) the story of a woman of Pueblo, Col., may point a moral to others, who have had a similar affliction.

The woman came to Pueblo thirty years ago, when the town was a frontier settlement, and Indians were by no means unusual visitors, bands of Utes often passing through on their way from the mountains down to the plains to hunt buffaloes.

She had been in good health, until a few years ago when at each recurring springtime she became debilitated, weak and languid. Her strength left her, she was listless and lifeless. This, too, in spite of the stimulating effects of the high altitude. The root system difficulty, however, was sleeplessness, which she could not cure. The long weary watches of the night told on her health and she dreaded the approach of night. This lack of sleep weakened her strength and brought on extreme nervousness, until she was a physical wreck.

As she could not well take the long journey necessary to a change of climate, she sought for some nerve restorative, that would build up the nervous system, and thus enable her to get that sleep and rest without which she could not long endure the strain. She at length found this in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. She said to the reporter: by the time I had taken one box of these pills, I not only felt stronger but to my surprise found that I could sleep.

"I have taken four boxes now and can take a long nap during the day and sleep soundly all night.

"The medicine not only takes away that weary depressed feeling but creates a buoyancy and exhilaration that does not pass away when one stops taking the pills.

"I am forty-nine years old and about thirty years ago I began to be troubled with gathering in my head. The trouble continued until I was unable to hear a sound through my right ear and my left ear was badly affected. I had no idea that the pills would benefit my ears but they evidently did as my hearing is very much improved.

"I consider Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People a wonderful medicine. The address of the woman is: Mrs. H. L. Graham, 214 E. 4th St., Pueblo, Col.

STATE OF COLORADO,)
COUNTY OF PUEBLO,)
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of July, 1897.

GEORGE W. GILL,
Notary Public.

All the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves are contained in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. They are sold in boxes (never in loose form, by the dozen or hundred) at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, and may be had of all druggists or directly by mail from Dr. Williams' Medical Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing kidney and bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "New Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is your remedy. Sold by W. R. Smith & Co., Druggists.

A minister met a little boy, Sunday afternoon, with a string of fish, none of which was more than two inches in length.

"Don't you know," said the minister, "that you committed a sin in catching those little fish on the Sabbath day?"

"Taint my fault," replied the boy, "the big ones wouldn't bite."

Mrs. Mary Bird, Harrisburg, Pa., says: "My child's worth millions to me; yet I would have lost her by croup had I not invested twenty-five cents in a bottle of 'One Minute Cough Cure.' It cures coughs, colds and all throat and lung troubles. W. R. Smith & Co., Druggists.

Brooks—Why do they call an unlicensed dogger a blind pig, anyhow?

Rivers—Because of its wine without ice. See? Its swine without 'is'—

(At this juncture they fight.)

J. A. Perkins, of Antiquity, O., was for thirty years needlessly tortured by physicians for the cure of eczema. He was quickly cured by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, the famous healing salve for piles and skin diseases. W. R. Smith & Co., Druggists.

Young Joshua—Say, Sal, comin to ther huskin ternight?

Youthful Sarah—Goin ter be any fun?

Young Joshua—Fun? Why, dern it, we've painted every ear red.

Mrs. M. B. Fork, Ruddells, Ill., suffered for eight years from dyspepsia and chronic constipation and was finally cured by using DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills for all stomach and liver troubles. W. R. Smith & Co., Druggists.

Patience—What is the cheapest looking thing you ever saw about a bargain counter?

Patrice—A husband waiting for his wife.

Coughs, colds, pneumonia and fevers may be prevented by keeping the blood pure and the system toned up with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"How did your French go in Paris, Mrs. Paryenu?"

"Beautiful! They were really tickled with it."

Adam, remarked his ex-rib, the day before Christmas, I've got a new idea for a holiday entertainment.

Oh, of course, replied Adam, you're nothing if not original.

Who is the man who is going to walk across the ocean?

Some fellow who was brought up along the Chicago river, I suppose.

Louise coaxed her mother for an hour before she secured permission to accept Mr. Widdler's Christmas gift.

Well?

And then he didn't send her anything.

"He doesn't seem to amount to much in the community?"

"No. He's so unimportant that nobody ever sends him a calendar."

Dr. Smiley—Ah, professor, is your little one a boy or a girl?

Professor Dremey—Why or yes. We call it John. It must be a boy, I think.

FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

First Regular Session.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—SENATE.—In accordance with his previous notice, Senator Davis, chairman of the senate committee on foreign relations, brought up the subject of the ratification of the Hawaiian annexation treaty in the senate Monday. His motion was made soon after the disposal of the routine morning business and the entire remainder of the day's session, except the time given to the confirmation of nominations, was devoted to the consideration of the question as to whether the treaty should be considered in open session or behind closed doors in executive session. After a debate of almost two hours upon this point, an informal vote was taken, the ayes and noes not being demanded. The decision was overwhelmingly against an open session.

HOUSE.—The opponents of the civil service law had much the best of the debate in the House Monday, so far as the number of those engaging in it were concerned. Of the eleven speakers were of the opposition. The friends of the law were very anxious to shut off further debate, and in this will have the cooperation of Speaker Reed and the rules committee. Mr. Moody, who has charge of the bill, gave notice that he would test the sense of the house Tuesday on a motion to close the debate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—SENATE.—Except for a few minutes given to a controversy over some minor post office confirmations, the entire time of the executive session of the senate Tuesday was consumed by Senator Davis' address in support of the Hawaiian annexation. Mr. Davis is chairman of the senate committee on foreign relations and his speech was generally accepted as the semi-official utterance of the majority of the committee. He spoke about two hours and when the senate adjourned had not finished. Mr. Allen introduced and secured the adoption of a resolution calling upon the president for information in his possession relative to the boundary line between Venezuela and British Guiana, and to inform the senate whether the United States now has any clerks or other employees at work upon the Venezuelan boundary question and also what part of the \$100,000 appropriated for the Venezuelan commission has been expended.

HOUSE.—The civil service debate which was inaugurated in the house a week ago was ended Tuesday. It opened with a row, but ended very tamely. There was not even a vote on the appropriation in the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill for the committee upon which the debate was predicated. The republicans who are seeking to modify or repeal the law decided to let the debate come to a close Tuesday, but it required the casting vote of the speaker to accomplish this.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—SENATE.—Senator Davis continued and completed his speech in the executive session of the senate Wednesday on the Hawaiian treaty, and was followed by Senator Allen, of Nebraska, who spoke in opposition. There was apparent unanimity of disposition on the part of some senators who announce themselves undecided as to what course to pursue on the Hawaiian question to mix it with the Cuban problem. They are friends of Cuba, and their desire is to have the administration take a more pronounced position in the interest of Cuba as a return for their assistance on the Hawaiian treaty. At 3:30 the senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—The house Wednesday passed an urgent deficiency bill carrying \$1,741,544. One of the items authorizing a further expenditure of \$500,000 for the soldiers' home at Danville, Ill., for which \$150,000 was appropriated in the last sundry civil bill, was used by Dearmond (dem. Mo.) as a basis for a bitter personal attack upon Chairman Chas. C. Tamm, who is at Danville. The bill was passed. There was also a lively debate over the provision in the bill requiring the owners of bullion hereafter to pay the cost of transporting bullion from assay offices to the mints.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—SENATE.—The senate did not make great progress with the Hawaiian annexation treaty Thursday. Several speeches were delivered, but in every instance the speakers announced that Thursday's remarks were merely preliminary to what they should say before the close of the debate. The executive session opened shortly after 1 o'clock with Senator White on the floor, but Senator Stewart interrupted and others cut the California senator out of the discussion. Those who spoke were Senators Stewart, Frye and Morgan.

HOUSE.—The house Thursday completed the consideration of the agricultural appropriation bill in committee of the whole and then adjourned upon the motion of those opposed to the printing of another edition of the famous "Horse book." There was the annual fight over the question of free seed distribution to the farmers, but the effort to strike out the appropriation (\$130,000) failed as usual; the majority against it Thursday being 116. One of the important amendments adopted provided for the inspection of horse meat for export purposes in the same way that the meat of cattle and other animals is now inspected. During the debate Thursday some very caustic criticism was made of the proceedings in the election in Ohio from Dr. Dearmond (dem. Mo.), called forth a warm defense of Senator Hanna from Mr. Mahany (rep. N. Y.), who eulogized the Ohio senator as the man who had overthrown the bosses of the republican party in 1894.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—SENATE.—Almost the entire four hours of the executive session of the senate Friday were devoted to the indirect consideration of the nomination of Hon. Joseph McKenna, now attorney general, to the place of justice of the supreme court. The discussion was the result of an effort on the part of Senator Allen, of Nebraska (pop.), to secure a postponement for two weeks. In the end a compromise was reached whereby McKenna would remain in the cabinet until the end of the session, after which he would be considered for the place. The senate should agree to allow a vote to be taken on that day. The Hawaiian treaty was not touched upon during the session. It was 4:30 in the afternoon when the senate adjourned, having reached for concluding the McKenna matter by the sitting on next Friday, and by general consent the senate postponed consideration of the Hawaiian treaty until next Monday.

HOUSE.—It was the intention of the house managers to bring up the Hawaiian treaty and the civil service bill Friday, but owing to the excited condition of affairs in Havana and the widely exaggerated reports about, they decided to avoid the possibility of opening up a Cuban debate by relinquishing the day to the committee on claims in charge of the private claims. Before this order was entered upon the agricultural bill was passed. Most of the day was consumed in a filibuster against a bill to pay the publishing house of the Methodist Episcopal Church, at Nashville, Tenn., \$250,000 for the purchase and use of the property of that corporation during the war.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—SENATE.—No business of importance in the senate Saturday. In the house: Bills introduced: Requiring that all employees on public works be made from those under contract, the object being to fix beyond question responsibility for those employed; providing that with exception of farm laborers, eight hours shall constitute a day's work; The House devoted two hours to general debate on the army appropriation bill and the remainder of the day to enlarging the life and public services of the late Representative Seth W. Milliken, of Maine, who served for 14 years in the lower branch of congress.

Adams Earl Dead.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., Jan. 17.—Adams Earl, aged 90 years, a millionaire, and the first president of the Big Four railroad, died at his home here Saturday morning from an attack of grip. He built the Big Four and Lake Erie & Western railroads and was the first president of each. He was one of the most prominent men in Indiana. He had been sick one week.

London, Jan. 17.—Sir Polydore de Keyser, who was lord mayor of London during the year 1897-98, is dead. He was born in 1808.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

International Lesson for January 22, 1898.—The Beatitudes.—Matthew 5: 1-12.

[Arranged from Peloubet's Notes.]
GOLDEN TEXT.—Ye are the light of the world.—Matt. 5:14.
THE SECTION includes the Beatitudes, which are practically the text, and such applications and illustrations as are given in the rest of the chapter.

PARALLEL.—Luke 9:1-25.
TIME.—Summer of A. D. 28.
PLACE.—According to tradition, the Sermon on the Mount was spoken on the Horns of Hattin, or Mount of Beatitudes, a square-shaped hill, about 40 feet in height, with two tops, near the center of the west coast of the sea of Galilee, two or three miles from the sea, and seven southwest from Capernaum.

EXPLANATORY.

I. A Night of Prayer.—From Luke 6:12 we learn that the new epoch in the development of Christ's kingdom was preceded and ushered in by a night of special prayer.

II. The Selection of Twelve Apostles.—For instruction and training for the great work of building up His kingdom.—Luke 6:12-16.

III. Fundamental Principles of the Kingdom of Heaven.—The inhabitants of Heaven live according to these principles as naturally as they breathe; and when all the people of the earth do the same Heaven will be on earth and the city of God will have come "down from God, prepared as a bride adorned for her husband."

IV. The Beatitudes.—Vs. 1-9. First. The Beatitudes are the text of the Sermon on the Mount.

Second. Here is found the only true method by which the needed moral revolution can be realized. What men needed first was a change, not in their circumstances, but in themselves. Blessedness, Jesus affirmed, comes not from outward conditions, but from inward states. It consists not in positions, but in dispositions.

Third. The Beatitudes are not arbitrary enactments. God Himself cannot change them. While a man hates his brother God cannot make him happy. Omnipotence cannot give us peace while we hug the worm that does not die and wrap ourselves in the flame that is not quenched.—W. B. Wright.

Fourth. The Relation of the Beatitudes to One Another:

Will have the rewards of all	
(The outward manifestation of the inward life)	
1. THE POOR IN SPIRIT.	2. THE MOURNFUL.
(The condition out of which all the others grow.)	3. THE MEek.
4. THEY THAT HUNGER AFTER RIGHTEOUSNESS.	5. THE MERCYFUL.
6. THEY THAT MOURN AFTER MOURNFULNESS.	7. THE PEACE-MAKERS.
8. THE PURE IN HEART.	9. THE HUNGERING AND THIRSTING.
10. THE CLEAN.	11. THE HUMBLE.
12. THE PERSECUTED.	13. THE SUFFERING.
Those persecuted for obeying these laws	

Poor in spirit is the necessary condition, the soil in which the others grow. It is "the trunk of the tree of which the others are the branches;" the ball of the house of which the others are the rooms.

The first column shows the natural development and progress of the inner life.

The second column shows the similar development of the outward life.

Correspondence.—Each characteristic in the second column is the natural expression of its corresponding inner life, given in the first column. They that mourn for sin will be meek to sinners. They who hunger to do good will do good in mercy. Those who are pure in heart will seek most, and be most successful in, the bringing men to peace in Christ.

Tests.—Those who lived such a life in this evil world are often persecuted, and must always be ready to endure this test. They who do stand the test will have these virtues in a high degree and have the fuller blessedness of them all.

Results.—Those who live according to the Beatitudes will help to bring the kingdom of Heaven on earth.

Some Truths Tensely Put.

"I will" is the first step to God.

Hell is the last outpost of the love of God.

Let not the preacher exalt rites above righteousness.

Take care of Number One, but take care it is the right one—the soul, not the body.

Never disparage the commonplace. What is more commonplace than a mother's love?

If consistency were the first and great commandment no man would be converted.—Ram's Horn.

The Matter of Our "Rights."

"Lest we should offend them," said Jesus. He went beyond what was required and paid the tribute. In this He is an example to us. Our rights are very important, but it is not on every infraction of them that we should stand for our rights; it is often far better, a Christian duty, to go beyond what is required lest we give offense. Christians should commend themselves to the civil authorities by this Spirit of Jesus.—United Presbyterian.

—The time is lost that is spent in looking for an easy place.

Hood's Pills

Cure sick headaches, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, gas in the stomach, dizziness and indigestion. Do not weaken, but have tonic effect. 2 cents. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

B. & O. S-W. RY.

TIME TABLE.

Trains leave Hillsboro as follows:

For Cincinnati, 7:45 a.m. 7:30 p.m.
For St. Louis, 7:45 a.m. 7:30 p.m.
For Louisville, 7:45 a.m. 7:30 p.m.
For Chillicothe, 7:45 a.m. 7:30 p.m.
For Parkersburg, 7:45 a.m. 7:30 p.m.
For Columbus, 7:45 a.m. 7:30 p.m.
For Pittsburgh, 7:45 a.m.
Daily except Sunday.

SUNDAY TRAINS ONLY.

For Cincinnati and West—8:15 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.
For Columbus and Pittsburgh—8:15 p.m. and 7:45 p.m.

For detail information regarding rates, time on connecting lines, sleeping, parlor, dining cars, etc., address J. E. Sande, Ticket Agent B. & O. S. W. Ry., Hillsboro, O., or O. P. McCarty, G. P. A., Cincinnati, Ohio.

HUMPHREYS' OIL

WITCH HAZEL
C Piles or Hemorrhoids.
U Fissures & Fistulas.
R Burns & Scalds.
E Wounds & Bruises.
S Cuts & Sores.
Boils & Tumors.
Eczema & Eruptions.
Salt Rheum & Tetter.
Chapped Hands.
Fever Blisters.
Sore Lips & Nostrils.
Corns & Bunions.
Stings & Bites of Insects.

Three Sizes, 25c, 50c. and \$1.00.

Sold by druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price.

HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and a full business conducted for Modest Fees.
Our Office is Opposite U. S. Patent Office, and we can secure patent in less time than from remote from Washington.
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C. A. SNOW & CO.
Opposite Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

OPIUM HABIT DRUNKENNESS

Corrected Weekly by Richards, Stevens & Co., Retail Grocers.

HILLSBORO, Tuesday, Jan. 18, 1898.

BUYING PRICES.

Wheat, bushel	88
Corn	28
Oats	25
Barley	70
White Beans, bushel	10
Butter	10
Eggs dozen	15
Young Chickens	8
Chickens, per lb.	8
Ducks, per lb.	8
Bacon, hams, pound	7
Bacon, sides	8
Bacon, shoulders	8
Lard	5
Hay, ton	7 00

RETAIL PRICES.

Ex. C Sugar	5 1/2
A Sugar	5
Granulated Sugar	5
Out Loaf and Powdered Sugar	8 1/2
Coffee, Rio	10 1/2
Tea, Imperial P. E. and G. O.	25
Tea, Black	50
Cheese, factory	14 1/2
Flour, good family brands, cbl.	2 50
Flour, extra	3 50
Molasses, N. O., gallon	45
Sorghum	25
Golden Syrup	10 1/2
Coal Oil	100
Salt	100
Hams, city sugar cured, pound	12 1/2

LIVE STOCK.

Beaves, owl, gross	2 00
Beaves, shipping	4 00
Sheep and Lambs, per cwt.	4 00
Hogs, owl, gross	3 00
Mock Hogs, gross	3 00
Milch cows with calves	20 00

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight-fitting or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c. in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmstead, LeRoy, N. Y.

"My face," said the seasoned soubrette, "is my fortune."

"You don't say so?" retorted the funny comedian. "I thought it stood for what you owed."

"And why did you think it stood for what I owed?" asked the seasoned soubrette.

"Because," explained the funny comedian, "I see you have it chalked up."

The Finest in the World.

The Burlington route, Chicago, St. Paul and Minneapolis limited express leaves Chicago daily at 8:30 p. m. This train is new throughout and comprises the latest patterns of Pullman compartment and open sleeping cars, buffet library cars, free chair cars, (seats free), dining cars, meals are served, and coaches.

This equipment is the finest ever produced at the Pullman works. No extra fare on this train. L. W. Wakley, General Passenger Agent, St. Louis, Mo.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN PARTITION.

Richard M. White vs. Julia A. White et al. Hillsboro County Court of Common Pleas. Case No. 6480.

ORDER OF SALE IN PARTITION.

In pursuance of an order issued from the Court of Common Pleas within and for the County of Highland and State of Ohio, made at the January term thereof, A. D. 1898, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at Public Auction at the door of the Court House, in the town of Hillsboro, on

Saturday, February 19, 1898.

At 1 o'clock p. m. of said day the following described real estate, to-wit:

Situate in the county of Highland, State of Ohio and in the township of Liberty, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stone, sugar-tree and white oak corner to H. Hiestand and J. N. Hogsett's line; thence S. 11 deg. W. (Magnetic) 11.1600, 38.60 poles to a stake in Nancy Garrett's line crossing Pigeon Run road at 35 poles; thence N. 75 deg. 45 min. W. 8.30 poles to a stone and white oak; thence S. 35 deg. W. 76.90 poles to a stone corner to Garrett's in W. Lemons' line; thence W. 37 poles to a stone corner to W. Lemons' in the line of John Richards' heirs' tract of land; thence N. 18 deg. 40 min. E. 50.60 poles to a stake; thence N. 20 deg. 30 min. W. 23.50 poles to a stone, one of Richards' heirs' corners; thence S. 57 deg. 50 min. W. 44.15 poles to a point in the line of said Richards' heirs and the Southeast corner of a 130 acre tract described in a deed from Julia A. White to James Carlisle; thence N. 15 deg. E. 145 poles to the line of N. Hogsett; thence S. 80 deg. E. 63.15 poles to a stake on the South side of the Sinking Springs road; thence S. 75 deg. 30 min. E. 88.80 poles to the beginning, containing one hundred and fifty-one acres and twenty-one and one-half poles, more or less, being a part of 57 poles in a stone corner to W. Lemons' and Henry Mason's Survey No. 6401. Being a part of a tract of 271 acres and 21 1/2 poles owned by McKee White at the time of his death, and is the residue thereof after deducting a tract of 130 acres described in a deed of March 20, 1897, from Julia A. White to James Carlisle.

Said premises has been appraised at sixteen dollars (\$16.00) per acre and cannot sell for less than two-thirds of said appraisement.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on day of sale.

J. G. WILLIAMSON,
Sheriff of Highland County.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Sarah E. Ryan, Administratrix, vs. Irma Troth et al. Hillsboro County Court of Common Pleas. Case No. 6483.

ORDER OF SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

In pursuance of an order issued from the Court of Common Pleas, within and for the County of Highland, and State of Ohio, made at the Sept. term thereof, A. D. 1897, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at Public Auction, at the door of the Court House, in the town of Hillsboro, O., on

Saturday, January 29, 1898.

At 1 o'clock p. m. of said day the following described real estate, to-wit:

Situate in Union township, Highland county, Ohio; Beginning at a black oak, gum and hickory corner to Surveys No. 4873 and 4874; thence with Survey No. 4873, E. 200 poles to a stake, corner to John A. Smith; thence with Smith's line S. 87 1/2 deg. W. 56 poles to a stone; thence N. 18 1/2 deg. W. 175 poles to a stone corner to Smith; thence with Smith's line N. 61 1/2 deg. E. 80 poles to the place of beginning, containing 75 acres of land more or less.

Said premises has been appraised at Thirteen Hundred (\$1300.00) Dollars, and cannot sell for less than two-thirds of said appraisement.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on day of sale.

S. N. PATTON,
Sheriff of Highland County.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Ima Troth, Attorney.

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In pursuance of an order issued from the Court of Common Pleas, within and for the County of Highland, and State of Ohio, made at the Sept. term thereof, A. D. 1897, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at Public Auction at the door of the Court House, in the town of Hillsboro, on